

MODELS

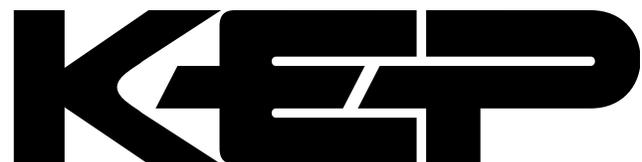
INT-69PM2

INTELLECT-69PM2 PROCESS MONITOR

INSTALLATION & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



<http://www.kep.com>



KESSLER-ELLIS PRODUCTS CO.

10 Industrial Way East

Eatontown, NJ 07724

Telephone: (732) 935-1320

Toll Free: (800) 631-2165

Fax: (732) 935-9344

Proprietary Notice

The information contained in this publication is derived in part from proprietary and patent data. This information has been prepared for the expressed purpose of assisting operating and maintenance personnel in the efficient use of the instrument described herein. Publication of this information does not convey any rights to use or reproduce it or to use for any purpose other than in connection with the installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment described herein.

Copyright 1990
Printed in USA. All Rights Reserved.



This instrument contains electronic components that are susceptible to damage by static electricity. Proper handling* procedures must be observed during the removal, installation, or handling of internal circuit boards or devices.

*Handling Procedure

1. Power to unit must be removed.
2. Personnel must be grounded, via wrist strap or other safe, suitable means, before any printed circuit board or other internal device is installed, removed or adjusted.
3. Printed circuit boards must be transported in a conductive bag or other conductive container. Boards must not be removed from protective enclosure until the immediate time of installation. Removed boards must be placed immediately in protective container for transport, storage, or return to factory.

Comments

This instrument is not unique in its content of ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive components. Most modern electronic designs contain components that utilize metal oxide technology (NMOS, CMOS, etc.). Experience has proven that even small amounts of static electricity can damage or destroy these devices. Damaged components, even though they appear to function properly, may exhibit early failure.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	1
DESCRIPTION & SPECIFICATIONS.....	2
MOUNTING.....	3
WIRING	4
DEFINITIONS	5
FRONT PANEL OPERATIONS	7
PROGRAMMING FLOWCHART.....	7
PROGRAMMING	8
SETTING PRESETS & PANEL LOCK	11
RS232 / RS422 OPERATIONS	12
RS232 / RS422 WIRING	16
TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE.....	17
DECODING PART NUMBER	
WARRANTY	



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The following instructions must be observed.

- This instrument was designed and is checked in accordance with regulations in force EN 60950 (“Safety of information technology equipment, including electrical business equipment”).
A hazardous situation may occur if this instrument is not used for its intended purpose or is used incorrectly. Please note operating instructions provided in this manual.
- The instrument must be installed, operated and maintained by personnel who have been properly trained. Personnel must read and understand this manual prior to installation and operation of the instrument.
- The use of an external line fuse is recommended. Add or replace the external fuse with the following specified type and rating only:

<u>Input Power</u>	<u>Recommended Fuse</u>
115 VAC	100 mA slow blow fuse
230 VAC	50 mA slow blow fuse
12-24 VDC	250 mA slow blow fuse

Disconnect power supply before adding or replacing fuse!

- The manufacturer assumes no liability for damage caused by incorrect use of the instrument or for modifications or changes made to the instrument.

Symbols Used On Unit

<u>Number</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Publication</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	===	IEC 417, No. 5031	Direct current
2		IEC 417, No. 5172	Equipment protected throughout by DOUBLE INSULATION or REINFORCED INSULATION (equivalent to Class II of IEC 536–see annex H)
3		ISO 3864, No. B.3.1	Caution (refer to accompanying documents)

Technical Improvements

- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice.

DESCRIPTION & SPECIFICATIONS

Description:

Featuring 6 digits of bright, 7-segment LED displays, this unit is a process monitor which accepts analog signal inputs. The unit can be field programmed to accept 4-20mA, 0-5V, 0-10V or 1-5V signals. Two assignable set points are standard for dual alarms. The high and low scaling settings are programmable from the front panel. By pressing the "view" button, the unit will display: process status, peak or valley. RS232 or RS422 are available options for data communications with a host computer or printer.

Specifications:

Display

6 digit, .55" high, 7 segment, red orange, LED.

Input Power: 110, 220 VAC \pm 15% or 15 to 24VDC.

Current: maximum 300 mA DC or 10.0 VA at rated AC voltage.

Output Power: (AC powered units only) + 24VDC @ 50mA regulated \pm 5%

Temperature:

Operating: +41°F (5°C) to +130°F (+54°C).

Storage: -40°F (-40°C) to +200°F (93°C).

Memory: EEPROM stores data for ten years if power is lost.

Reset:

Front Panel: Resets displayed values and control outputs.

Remote: Not used

Control Outputs:

STANDARD: Open collector, sinks 250mA from 30VDC when active.

OPTIONAL: Relays, 2 each Form C SPDT 10Amp @ 120/240 VAC or 28 VDC. (Open collector outputs are also supplied with 10VDC provided at transistor outputs through relay coil. If greater than 2mA is used, relay will remain energized. Applying greater than 10 VDC may destroy unit. Transistor will sink 100mA in "ON" state.)

Input:

Linear 4-20mA, 0-5V, 0-10V or 1-5V selectable from the front panel.

Input Impedance:

Current: 100 Ω .

Voltage: 115K Ω

Calibration: The unit does all of the calibrations internally. There are no potentiometers to adjust and the unit never needs to be removed from the case.

Set Points: Two control set points are provided. The unit comes standard with two open collector control outputs. Two 10 amp, Form C relays are optional. The outputs have a programmable hysteresis (alarm range) from 0 to 59999

Process Display: Updates 4 times per second, Accurate to 4.5 digits. Set "lo" higher than "hi" for inverted display.

Analog Out: The unit can be ordered with an optional 4-20mA output which is proportional to the display. The high and low settings are programmable from the front panel. A sinking driver generates a corresponding linear current through the external devices. The output updates with each update of the rate. Accuracy is 50uA worst case. Compliance voltage must be 3 to 30 VDC non inductive. (The unit can provide the DC source as long as the drop across the devices being driven does not exceed 21V).

Programming: Decimal points, Scaling from -9999 to 49999, set points, input type and the security lock code are all programmable from the front panel.

Housing: Standard 1/8 DIN, high impact ABS plastic case (NEMA4X / IP65 front panel).

Shipping Weight: 2 lbs.

Overvoltage Protection:

50 V

Overcurrent Protection:

50 mA

Resolution: 14.5 Bits

Accuracy:

.1%

(5V inputs = .16%)

Temperature Stability: Will not drift more than 20 parts per million per °C from 5°C to 55°C

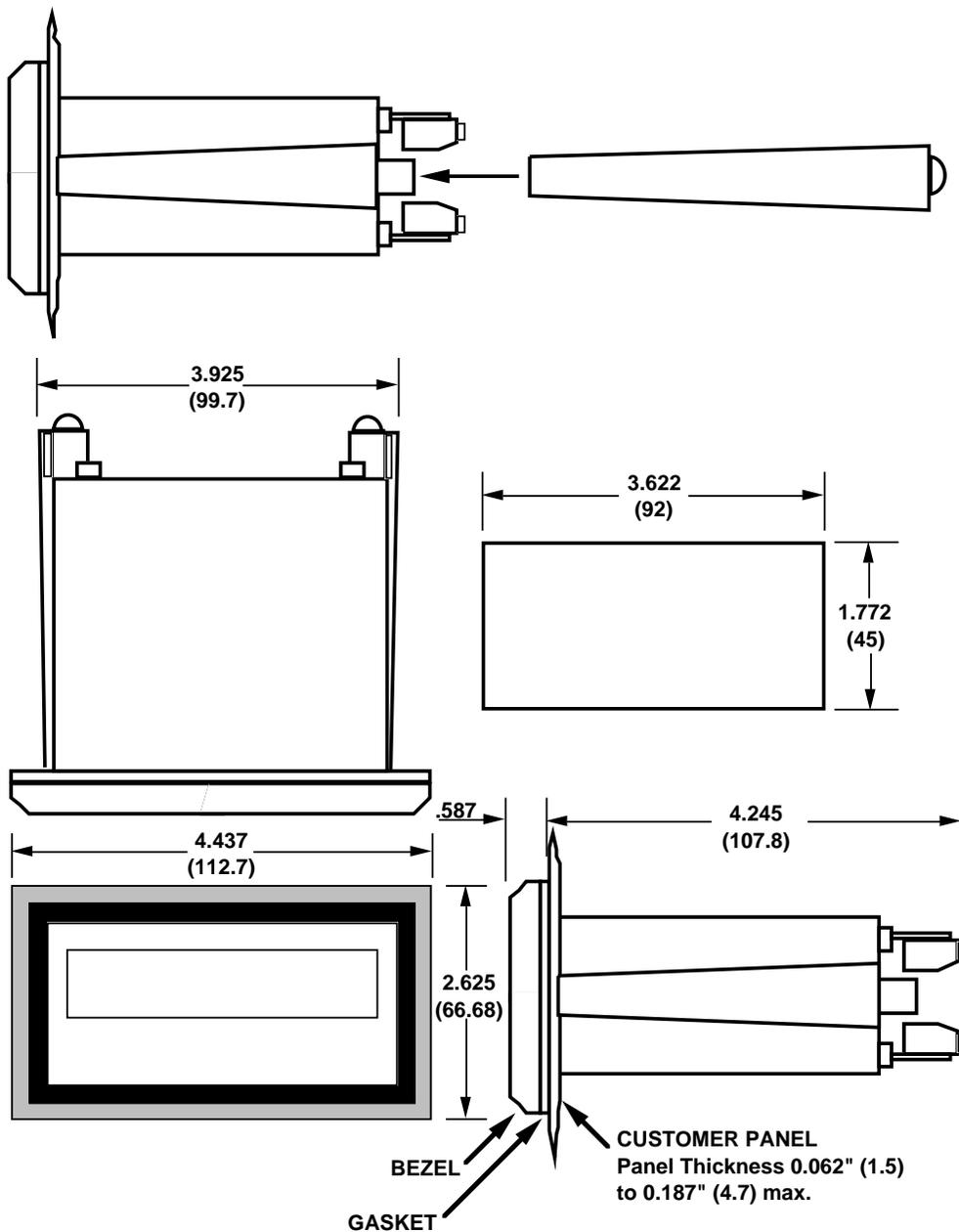
MOUNTING

HOW TO MOUNT:

Slide the body of the unit through the rubber gasket. Insert the unit into the panel. Slide the brackets up the groove to press against the back of the panel, as shown in "FIG. A". Insert the screws into the rear of the brackets.

Tighten the screws evenly and alternately. A panel less than .1" may distort if the clamps are screwed too tightly. Do not over tighten! A normal level of torque is required. Maximum torque should be 3" pounds.

FIG. A



WIRING

AC / DC CONNECTIONS:

NOTE: Connect power only after other connections are finished. Do not touch the live AC power terminals. The unit has been designed with an isolated AC input, therefore polarity is not a concern for the AC power. The chassis is plastic, therefore earth ground is not used. For DC operation, connect +DC to terminal 10 and -DC to terminal 3.

Although the unit is designed to be immune from line or RF interference, the unit is controlled by a microprocessor and an electrically "noisy" environment could cause operating problems. The input power lines should not be common to power lines for motors, pumps, contactors, etc.

Four sources of noise can occur:

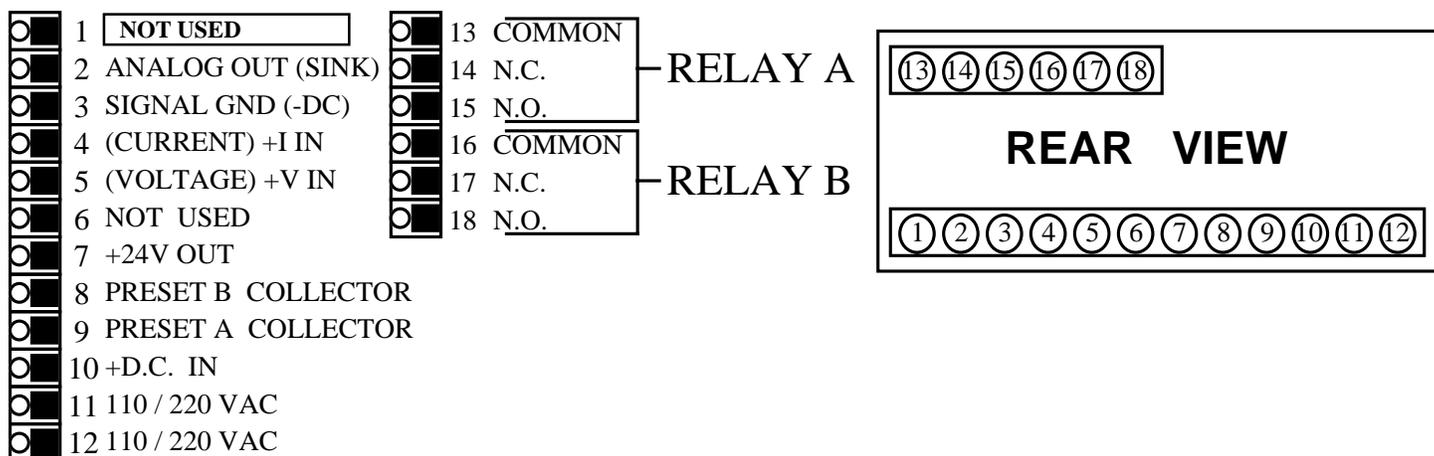
1) AC power line noise- If the unit cannot be connected to an electrically clean power source, an inductive load suppressing device (MOV as GE#V130LA1 or Resistor Capacitor as Paktron# .2uf/220 ohm @ 400V) can be installed. Although locating the suppressor across the AC supply at the unit should help, best results are obtained by connecting the suppressor across the leads of the "load" at the device causing the spikes.

2) Input line noise- The noise is carried on the input and DC ground lines. Make sure the input wires are not run into the unit in a bundle with power input lines. We recommend using shielded cable. Connect the shield to DC ground of the unit and "earth" at one point in the circuit preferably at the DC ground terminal of the unit.

3) Output lines- The unit has two open collector outputs and two optional relay outputs. When these outputs are used to run external relays or solenoids, spikes can be generated upon activation. This noise can spread through the instrument causing operating problems. If the source is a D.C. operated device, a general purpose diode (IN4004) placed across the solenoid prevents electrical noise spikes. Connect the cathode (banded side) to the more positive side of the coil. If the source is an A.C. operated device, use a Resistor Capacitor or MOV across the coil.

4) 24 VDC output supply- Noise can be generated on the 24 VDC output supply if it is used to drive inductive loads or if the current draw exceeds 50mA. Insure that all inductive loads have a diode (such as IN4004) across the coil and that the current does not exceed 50mA.

WIRING CONNECTIONS



DEFINITIONS

inPut - INPUT; This section of the program menu assigns the type of input the unit will be using (4-20 mA, 0-5 V, 0-10 V, 1-5 V, Linear or square root extraction).

I 4-20 - I 4-20; This sets the unit for a current input of 4 to 20 mA.

E 1-5 - E 1-5; This sets the unit for a voltage input of 1 to 5 volts.

E 0-5 - E 0-5; This sets the unit for a voltage input of 0 to 5 volts.

E 0-10 - E 0-10; This sets the unit for a voltage input of 0 to 10 volts. (0-20 mA input is available using this setting and the current (I) input pin 4)

rELAYS - RELAYS; This section of the program menu sets the control output variables (relays & open collector).

HYS a- HYSTERESIS FOR OUTPUT A; This value is the number of units below Preset A that the output will remain "ON".
EXAMPLE: Preset A set at 100, Hys set at 10. Output A will activate (turn on) when the rate equals 100; Output A will deactivate (turn off) when the rate falls below 90 (10 below Preset A)

HYS b- HYSTERESIS FOR OUTPUT B; Same as HYS A.

LoC - LOCK; This section of the program menu sets up the lockout type and code. (to lock or unlock, press the "A" key when in run mode. see pg.10)

LoC ALL - LOCK ALL; When this is selected the lockout will lock the program as well as the Presets and reset button. The presets can be viewed but not changed.

LoC PG - LOCK PROGRAM; When this is selected the lockout will lock only the program. The Reset can be activated and the presets can be viewed and changed.

CoDE - CODE; This is a 5-digit code which will be used to lock and unlock the front panel.

SEtUP - SETUP; This section of the program menu sets up the operating variables.

dECLoC - DECIMAL LOCATION; This allows the user to program a decimal point.

SEt Lo - SET LOW; This is the display value (-9999 to 49999) for the lowest input (0 or 1 Volts; 4 mA).
(i.e. 4 mA = -10 °)

SEt Hi - SET HIGH; This is the display value (-9999 to 49999) for the highest input (5 or 10 Volts; 20 mA). (i.e. 20 mA = 100 °)

LoC Off - LOW CUT-OFF; This is the lowest display value (-9999 to 49999) to be recognized. All readings below this value will assume the "set lo" value, even if the "set lo" is higher than the "set hi" value..

noR - NORMALIZING FACTOR; This is an averaging factor (00.0 to 99.9). Higher settings provide more normalizing (averaging) for a more stable display. Derived from the equation:
$$\frac{(\text{OLD DATA} \times \text{"NOR"} + \text{NEW DATA})}{(\text{"NOR"} + 1)}$$

oPt - OPTIONS; This section of the program menu is for setting up optional features (analog out, RS232/422 serial communications).

oUt Lo - OUT LOW; The displayed value (-9999 to 49999) at which the unit will output 4 mA (-10° = 4 mA out).

OUT HI - OUT HIGH; The displayed value (-9999 to 49999) at which the unit will output 20 mA ($100^\circ = 20 \text{ mA out}$).

BAUD - BAUD RATE; The baud rate at which the RS232 or RS422 communications will operate.

9600 - 9600 BAUD; This sets the communications at 9600 Baud.

2400 - 2400 BAUD; This sets the communications at 2400 Baud.

1200 - 1200 BAUD; This sets the communications at 1200 Baud.

300 - 300 BAUD; This sets the communications at 300 Baud.

UNIT - UNIT NUMBER; This assigns the unit an ID number from 1 to 99. This number is to be addressed when the unit is to be on line. A unit with 0 assigned will never come on line.

PLIST - PRINT LIST; This sets a list of data that will be transmitted whenever the strobe is activated.

RATE - RATE; When this is added to the print list, the unit will transmit the present process value when the strobe is activated.

PEAK - PEAK; When this is added to the print list, the unit will transmit the present peak value when the strobe is activated.

VALLEY - VALLEY; When this is added to the print list, the unit will transmit the present valley value when the strobe is activated.

PRE A - PRESET A; When this is added to the print list, the unit will transmit the Preset A value when the strobe is activated.

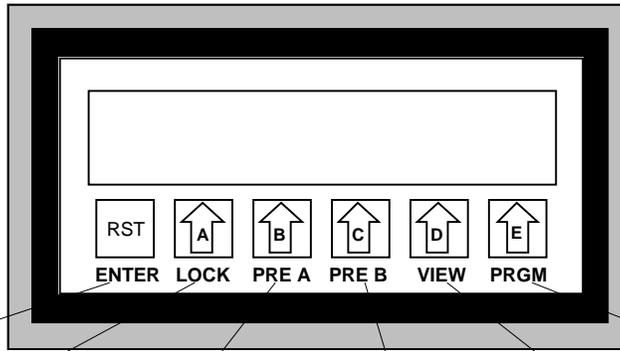
PRE B - PRESET B; When this is added to the print list, the unit will transmit the Preset B value when the strobe is activated.

END - END; This is the only exit from the P List. If END is not entered the unit will start at the beginning of the P List again.

P##### - P; This will appear in the 6th (furthest to the left) digit when viewing the Peak. The peak value is the highest reading that the unit had displayed since the peak had been reset. The peak is not retained in memory when power is lost.

U##### - U; This will appear in the 6th (furthest to the left) digit when viewing the Valley. The valley value is the lowest reading that the unit had displayed since the valley had been reset. The valley is not retained in memory when power is lost.

FRONT PANEL OPERATIONS



Press to RESET in operating mode; Press to "ENTER" in programming mode.

Press once to freeze display. Press any key to update display normally. Press rapidly (about 4 times within 5 seconds) to "enter" LOCK code for panel lock.

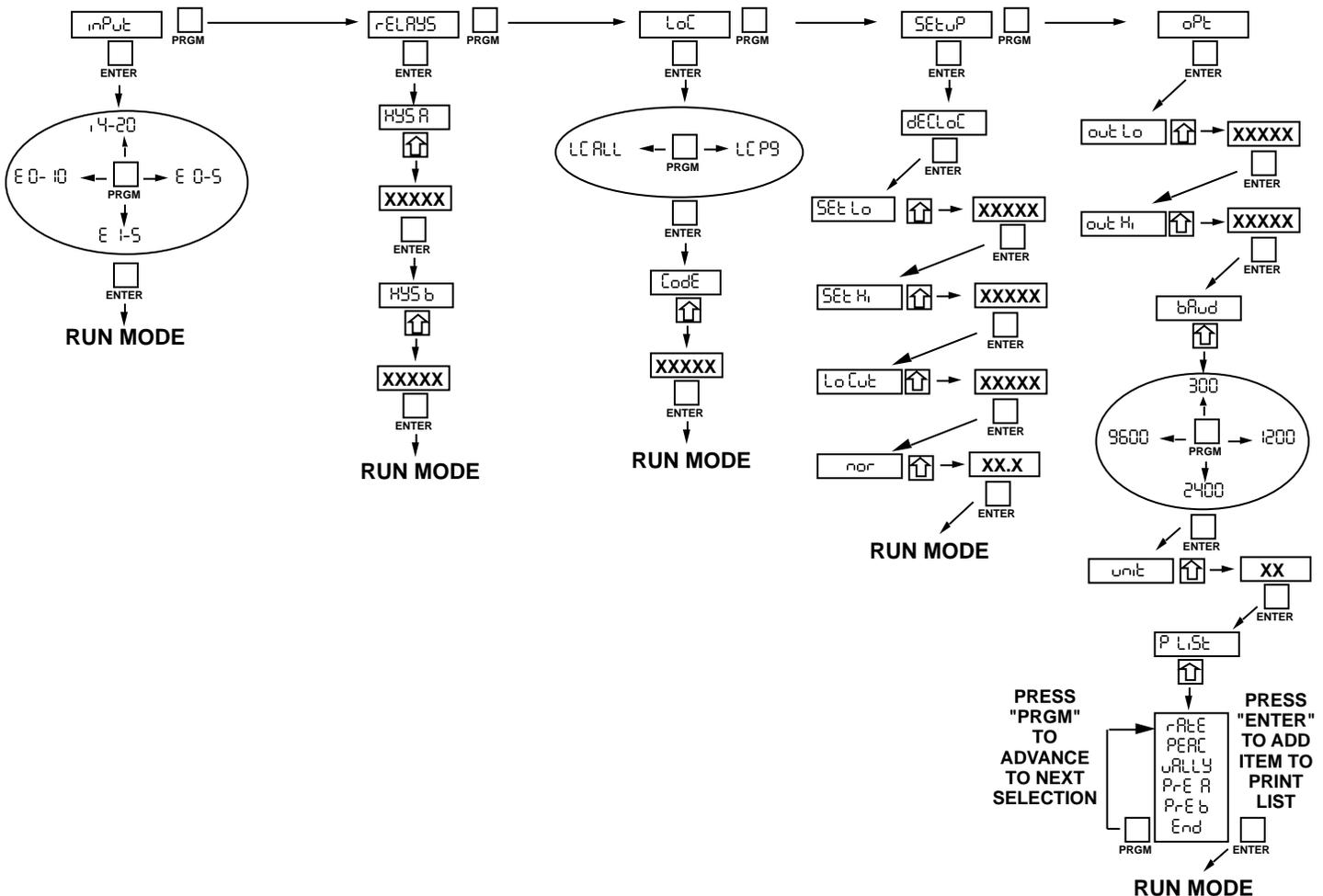
Press to view or change Preset A

Press to view or change Preset B

Press to alternately view Process Status, Peak & Valley.

Press to cycle through PROGRAM choices; Press to step through set up choices in program mode.

PROGRAMMING FLOWCHART



PROGRAMMING

STEP
1
SETTING
INPUT

PRESS	DISPLAY	REMARKS
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	inPut	This section of the menu is used to set up the type of signal the unit will be receiving.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	, 4-20, E 1-5, E 0-5 or E 0-10*	Press the PRGM key to step through choices. Press the RST/ENTER key to enter the displayed choice.

* 0-20 mA available by using 0-10 V setting and current (I) input pin 4

STEP
2
SETTING
RELAYS

<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	inPut	This section of the menu sets up the open collector outputs and/or relays.
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	rELAYS	
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	HYS A (hit any key to view or change existing HyS A value XXXXX)	
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	HYS b	Follow instructions for hys A

STEP
3
SETTING
LOCK

<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	inPut	This section of the menu is used to set up the lockout type and code.
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	rELAYS	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	LoC	
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	LC PG or LC ALL	LC PG = Locks program but presets are accessible. LC ALL= Locks program & presets. Press the PRGM button to toggle between choices; Press RST/ENTER to enter displayed choice.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	CoDE Press any key to view or change the lock code	When CODE is displayed, press any key to view existing lock code. To change the code press the key under each digit to be changed. Press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value.

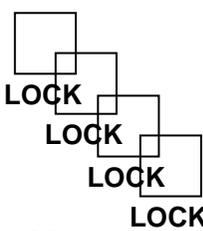
STEP
4
SETTING
SETUP

<u>PRESS</u>	<u>DISPLAY</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	inPut	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	rELAYS	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	LoC	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	SEtUP	
<hr/>		This section of the menu is used to set up important operating variables.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	dECLoC	DECLOC= decimal location; Press the key under the digit with the desired location. Press the "E" key if a decimal is not desired. Press RST/ENTER to enter the displayed location.
<hr/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	SEt Lo Press any key to view or change existing value	SET LO= Display value for the lowest input (0 or 1V; 4mA).(i.e. 4mA = -10 °) Key in the desired low value and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
<hr/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	SEt Hi Press any key to view or change existing value	SET HI= Display value for the highest input (5 or 10V; 20mA).(i.e. 20mA = 100°). Key in the desired high value and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
<hr/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	Lo CUt Press any key to view or change existing value	LO CUT= Low cut-off; Lowest display value to be recognized. All readings below the "cutoff" will assume the "set lo" value. Key in the desired value and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
<hr/>		
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	nOR Press any key to view or change existing value	NOR= Normalizing (averaging) factor (00.0 to 99.9); Key in the desired value and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value. Higher settings provide more normalizing (averaging) for a more stable display.

**STEP
5
SETTING
OPTIONS**

<u>PRESS</u>	<u>DISPLAY</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	inPut	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	rELAYS	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	LoC	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	SEtUP	This section of the menu is for setting up the variables for any options which were ordered (Analog out or Serial communications).
<input type="checkbox"/> PRGM	oPt	
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	out Lo Press any key to view or change existing value	OUTLO= The rate value to be represented by the 4 mA end of the 4-20 mA output. Key in the desired value and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	out Hi Press any key to view or change existing value	OUT HI= The rate value to be represented by the 20 mA end of the 4-20 mA output. Key in the desired value and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	bAud Press any key to view or change existing value 9600, 1200, 2400 or 300	BAUD = Baud rate for RS 232 or RS 422 communications option. Press any key to view existing value. Press the PRGM key to view available baud rates; Press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	uniT Press any key to view or change existing value	UNIT = Unit ID number. This ID number (1 to 99) must be addressed to bring the unit "on line". If the unit number is set at 00, the unit cannot be addressed. Key in the desired unit number and press RST/ENTER to enter displayed value.
<input type="checkbox"/> ENTER	P LISt Press any key to enter print list	P LIST = Print list. This is a list of items which the unit will transmit whenever the strobe line is activated.
<input type="checkbox"/> or <input type="checkbox"/> PRGM ENTER	rAtE PEAK UALLY PrE A PrE b End	Press RST/ENTER to add items to list; Press PRGM to remove items from list. RATE = Rate PEAC = Peak UALLY = Valley PRE A = Preset A PRE B = Preset B END = Press RST/ENTER to exit (end) print list; Press PRGM to recycle through list choices.

SETTING THE PRESETS & PANEL LOCK

	<u>PRESS</u>	<u>DISPLAY</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; width: fit-content; margin: auto;"> SETTING THE PRESETS </div>	 PRE A	PRE A Press any key to view or change existing value	PRE A = Preset A (Final Preset); The set point at which output A will trigger. If the displayed value is not the desired preset, press the key(s) under the digit to be changed. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
	 PRE B	PRE B Press any key to view or change existing value	PRE B = Preset B (Prewarn); The set point at which output B will trigger. If the displayed value is not the desired preset, press the key(s) under the digit to be changed. To enter a negative value, press the A button until the digit passes 4, a negative sign will appear.
<div style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; width: fit-content; margin: auto;"> SETTING THE LOCK STATUS </div>	 LOCK	LOCK Press any key to enter the 5-digit lock code.	Key in the lock code (see programming step 3) by pressing the keys under the digits to be changed. Each time a key is pressed the digit will increment one. Press the RST/ENTER key to enter the displayed code.
	 ENTER	LOCK or UNLOCK	After the code is entered the unit will display LOC (unit is locked) or UNLOC (unit is un-locked). This message will be displayed for approximately 3 seconds before the unit returns to the run mode. If an invalid code is entered, no message is displayed; try again.

RS 232/422 OPERATIONS

This section applies to units which have the serial communications interface option. Up to 99 units can be linked together. Unit status can be accessed and many menu items can be entered through the serial port. Data is transmitted at selected baud rates using standard eight bit ASCII characters and one "stop" bit. The unit does not check or transmit a parity bit.

UNIT I.D. (DEVICE #)

Each unit in the hookup must be assigned a unit number from 1 to 99. This can be entered through the front panel (see step 5 of the programming section). If "00" is assigned, the unit can not be brought on line through the serial port. The units will remain in an "off" high impedance state until addressed by the assigned unit number. Once a unit is addressed, do not address another unit until the data has been sent and any data requested has been transmitted back.

BAUD RATE

The baud rate is the speed at which data is transmitted, expressed in bits per second. Baud rates of 300, 1200, 2400 or 9600 are available. Select the desired baud rate from the menu. (see step 5 of the programming section).

PRINT LIST

The serial interface card is equipped with a strobe line. When the strobe line is activated a user selectable set of data (print list) is transmitted. This transmission can be sent to a computer or printer. The print list consists of eight selectable items: COUNT, RATE, PEAK, VALLEY, PRE A, PRE B, LOW SET, HIGH SET. The list can be entered through the front panel (see step 5 of the programming section) or through the serial port (read on).

HELP

A help command has been installed for easy access of the command and data variables. When help is needed, type a "?" and press return (enter) whenever a unit is on line. The following list will be transmitted:

D#XX:[S] Set
[E] Examine
[R] Reset
[L]*List

[C]*Count
[R]*Rate
[P]*Peak
[V]*Valley
[A]*Pre A
[B]*Pre B
[L]*Low Set
[H]*High Set
[J] Low Out
[K] High Out
[N] Norm
[D] Unit #
[E] Input
[G] Hy/Dr A
[I] Hy/Dr B
[M] Time
[T] Baud
[W] Lock
[X] Meter
[Y] A Type
[Z] B Type
[O] Code
[F] Decimal

The unit transmits the unit ID (D#XX) as well as the variables for the corresponding commands and data. A "*" indicates that the data is available for the print list.

COMMANDS:

Each command consists of an instruction and an address. Each instruction and address is represented by a letter. The prefix of each command must be an instruction followed by an address (and address variable if applicable). **Note:** These commands are for general purpose units. Disregard commands and data not relevant to this process monitor.

INSTRUCTIONS (1st letter of command):

[S] Set - Used to set the value or operating parameter of an address. (i.e. "SC 5000" will set the count at 5000)

[E] Examine - Used to examine the value or status of an address. (i.e. "ER" will examine the present rate reading)

[L]*List - Used to set the print list. (i.e. "LCRVA" will set the list for count, rate, valley and preset A. These values will be transmitted whenever the strobe is activated.)

ADDRESSES (2nd letter of command):

[C]*Count

[R]*Rate

[P]*Peak

[V]*Valley

[A]*Pre A

[B]*Pre B

[L]*Low Set

[H]*High Set

[J] Low Out

[K] High Out

[N] Norm

[D] Unit #

[E] Input

[G] H/D A

[I] H/D B

[M] Time

[T] Baud

[W] Lock

[X] Meter

[Y] A Type

[Z] B Type

[O] Code

[F] Decimal

POSSIBLE COMMANDS:

Each command must be followed by a carriage return for execution.

DX: (device "unit ID" #)- Unit XX will come "on line" and stay "on line" until another device is addressed.

SD XX: (set device "unit ID" #)- sets unit ID # at requested value

ED: (examine device)- Unit will transmit the present device (unit ID) number (i.e. d = 000000XX).

SC XXXXX: (set count)- Sets count at requested value.

EC: (examine count)- Unit will transmit the present count value (i.e. c=00XXXXXX).

RC: (reset count)- Resets the counter, the control output will not be reset. (If this feature is needed, consult factory).

ER: (examine rate)- Unit will transmit the present rate value (i.e. r= 000XXXXX).

RR: (reset rate)- Resets the normalization

EP: (examine peak)- Unit will transmit the present peak value (i.e. p= 000XXXXX).

RP: (reset peak)- Unit will reset the peak.

EV: (examine valley)- Unit will transmit the present valley value (i.e. v=000XXXXX).

RV: (reset valley)- Resets the valley.

SA XXXXX: (set preset A)- Sets preset A at requested value. (-9999 to 49999)

EA: (examine preset A)- Unit will transmit present preset A value (i.e. a=000XXXXX).

SB XXXXX: (set preset B)- Sets preset B at requested value. (-9999 to 49999)

- EB:** (examine B)- Unit will transmit present preset B value (i.e. b = 000XXXXX).
- SL XXXXX:** (set "Low")- Sets "set low" at requested value. (-9999 to 49999)
- EL:** (examine "Low")- Unit will transmit present "set low" value (i.e. l = 000XXXXX).
- SH XXXXX:** (set "High")- Sets "set high" at requested value. (-9999 to 49999)
- EH:** (examine "High")- Unit will transmit present "set high" value. (i.e. h = 000XXXXX)
- SJ XXXXX:** (set "low out")- Sets "out low" at requested value. Only available with ANALOG OUT option. (-9999 to 49999)
- EJ:** (examine "low out")- Unit will transmit present "out low" value. (i.e. j = 000XXXXX)
- SK XXXXX:** (set "high out")- Sets "out high" at requested value. Only available with ANALOG OUT option. (-9999 to 49999)
- EK:** (examine "high out")- Unit will transmit present "out high" value. (i.e. k = 000XXXXX)
- SN XX.X:** (set norm)- Sets "norm" at requested value. Must be a 3-digit number with decimal.
- EN:** (examine norm)- Unit will transmit present "norm" value (i.e. n = 000XX.X).
- SE i 4-20,e 0-5, e 1-5 or e 0-10:** (set input)- sets input to one of the 4 available types. Enter type exactly as it appears on the display.
- EE:** (examine input)- Unit will transmit input type (i.e. e 0-10).
- SG XXXXX:** (set dur A or hys A)- Sets dur A or hys A at requested value. (dur A when A is assigned to total; hys A when A assigned to rate).
- EG:** (examine dur A or hys A)- Unit will transmit present dur A or hys A value (i.e.g = 000XXXXX)
- SI XXXXX:** (set dur B or hys B)- Sets dur B or hys B at requested value. (dur B when B is assigned to total; hys B when B assigned to rate).
- EI:** (examine dur B or hys B)- Unit will transmit present dur B or hys B value (i.e. l = 000XXXXX)
- SM secs, mins or hours:** (set time base)- Sets time base to desired setting.
- EM:** (examine time base)- Unit will transmit present time base (i.e. secs).
- ST XXXX:** (set baud)- Sets baud at desired rate (9600, 2400, 1200 or 300).
- ET:** (examine baud)- Unit will transmit present baud rate (i.e. 9600).
- SW lc pg or lc all:** (set lock type)- Sets lock type at specified setting.
- EW:** (examine lock type)- unit will transmit present lock type (i.e. lc pg).
- SX linear or sqrt:** (set meter type)- Sets meter input for linear or square root extraction. Only available with square law option.
- EX:** (examine meter type)- Unit will transmit present meter type (i.e. linear).
- SY A tot or A rate:** (set A type)- Assigns control output A to rate or total.
- EY:** (examine A type)- Unit will transmit present A type (i.e. a tot).
- SZ B tot or B rate:** (set B type)- Assigns control output B to rate or total.
- EZ:** (examine B type)- Unit will transmit present B type (i.e. a tot).
- SO XXXXX:** (set lock code)- Sets lock code at requested value.
- EO:** (examine code)- Unit will transmit present code (i.e. o=000XXXXX).
- SF X:** (set decimal location)- Sets decimal at requested location (0 to 4).
- EF:** (examine decimal location)- Unit will transmit the present decimal location (i.e. f = 0000000X).
- L CRPVABLH:** (list)- The list can consist of any combination of the eight available options. Any addresss with a "*" next to it can be listed

SERIAL INTERFACE OPERATION:

Data is received and transmitted over standard EIA RS232 or RS422 levels. Each ten bit character is made up of a start bit, eight bit ASCII code and a stop bit.

The input impedance of RS232 is 3K Ω to 7K Ω worst case. The terminal addressing the unit must be capable of driving all loads in the loop. The input impedance of RS422 is much higher and there should be no problem driving as many as 99 units. The transmit line remains in a high impedance "off" state until addressed. Only one unit is to be on line at a time!!! More than one unit on line could damage the unit or destroy the transmitted data.

When the unit is active (on line) it will operate in a full duplex, echo back mode, so that data sent from the terminal will be transmitted back for verification. When the unit is "on line", use the proper serial transmit commands to request data or set a new value. If an error is made, a correction can be made by back spacing and retyping correct data before the return (enter) is sent. Once a return (enter) is sent, the unit begins processing the data and will transmit the requested data on a non-priority basis over the data transmit line. The unit will not transmit data if the Printer Busy line is activated (high). When the Printer Busy line is activated all transmissions are halted until the line goes low or open. There should be a pause after data is requested to insure that all data has been transmitted before making another request or addressing another unit. If transmission has not started within two seconds after data is requested, it can be assumed that there is a problem. The unit transmits a carriage return and line feed after each data value. The unit will stay "on line" until another unit is addressed.

RS232/RS422 - PC INTERFACE:

The following BASIC program is for setting up RS232/RS422 on serial port (#1) at 300 baud. Run this program after connecting the serial interface connections.

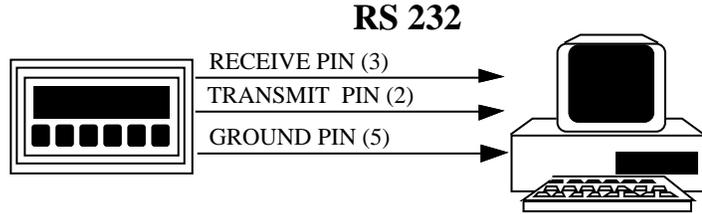
```
10 SCREEN 0,0:WIDTH 80
20 CLS:CLOSE
30 OPEN "COM1:300,n,8,1,CS,DS,CD" AS #1
40 ON ERROR GOTO 110
50 B$=INKEY$
60 IF B$< >" THEN PRINT #1,B$;
70 IF EOF (1) THEN 50
80 A$=INPUT$ (LOC(1),#1)
90 PRINT A$;
100 GOTO 50
110 RESUME
```

RS232 / RS422 WIRING

COMPUTER HOOKUP:

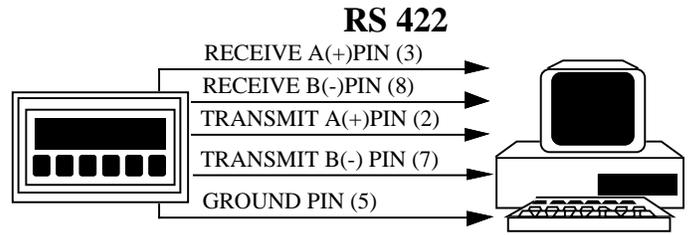
RS 232: When connecting the unit to a computer with RS 232 communication, only three connections are needed. These connections are: Receive data, Transmit data and Ground. The connections should be made as follows:

<u>DB-9 CONNECTOR</u>	<u>COMPUTER</u>
Transmit data (pin 2)	Receive data
Receive data (pin 3)	Transmit data
Ground (pin 5)	Ground



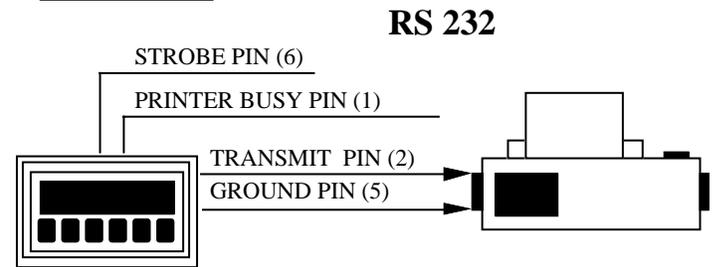
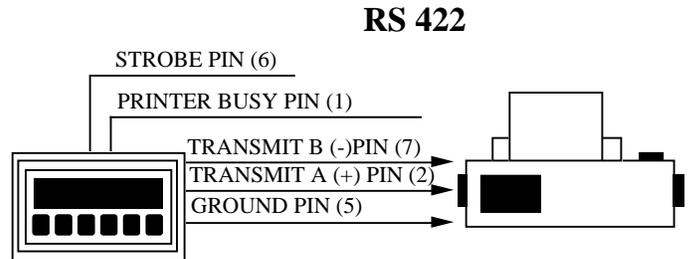
RS 422: When connecting the unit to a computer with RS 422, five connections are needed. These connections are: Receive data A (+), Receive data B (-), Transmit data A (+), Transmit data B (-) and Ground. The connections should be made as follows:

<u>DB-9 CONNECTOR</u>	<u>COMPUTER</u>
Trans. data A(+) (pin 2)	Rec. data A(+)
Trans. data B(-) (pin 7)	Rec. data B(-)
Rec. data A(+) (pin 3)	Trans. data A(+)
Rec. data B(-) (pin 8)	Trans. data B(-)
Ground (pin 5)	Ground

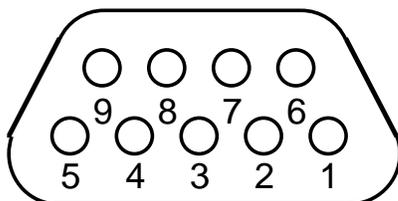


PRINTER HOOKUP:

When connecting the unit to a printer, you must first program the desired baud rate, parity and strobe list with a computer. After the unit is programmed it can be connected to the printer. Connect the transmit line(s) of the unit to the receive line(s) of the printer and be sure that both devices have common grounds. When the strobe line is triggered the unit will transmit the selected strobe list which you had previously programmed.



DB - 9 CONNECTOR



- 1- Printer busy: 3 to 30 VDC level inhibits transmission.
- 2- Transmit A(+) (RS422); Transmit (RS232)
- 3- Receive A(+) (RS422); Receive (RS232)
- 4- Not Used
- 5- Ground
- 6- Strobe: 3 to 30 VDC positive edge starts transmission.
- 7- Transmit B(-) (RS422 Only)
- 8- Receive B(-) (RS422 Only)
- 9- Not Used

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	SOLUTIONS
Power is applied to unit but the display does not light.	1. AC or DC power wiring is incorrect.	1. Recheck power wiring.
Unit works but occasionally the display freezes or skips counts.	1. Line noise is effecting the processor due to a current spike or surge.	1. Use a different power supply or install a surge suppressor.
Input signal is connected but the unit does not work.	1. Input wiring is incorrect 2. High and low scaling settings are incorrect. 3. Transmitting device is defective. 4. Unit is defective.	1. Recheck input wiring. 2. Recheck high and low scaling settings. 3. Replace transmitting device. 4. To confirm set meter for 0-10V input, low @ 0; high @ 10. Apply a 0-10V signal to the voltage input (pin 5). When running, the meter should display the voltage value that is applied. If not call factory for an RMA#.
Display reading is inaccurate.	1. Input wiring is incorrect.	1. Be sure that voltage signals are connected to voltage input (pin 5) and current signals are connected to current input (pin 4).

IF YOU HAVE ANY OTHER PROBLEMS, PLEASE CALL THE FACTORY.

We hope you will be pleased with our product. If you have any questions concerning our warranty, repair, modification or returned goods process, please contact your local distributor.

WARRANTY

This product is warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of two (2) years from the date of shipment to Buyer.

The Warranty is limited to repair or replacement of the defective unit at the option of the manufacturer. This warranty is void if the product has been altered, misused, dismantled, or otherwise abused.

ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, ARE EXCLUDED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

DECODING PART NUMBER

SAMPLE:	INT69PM2	A	1	A
<p>Series _____ INT69PM2 = Process Monitor</p> <p>Operating Voltage _____ A = 110 VAC ± 15% or 15 to 24 VDC B = 220 VAC ± 15% or 15 to 24 VDC</p> <p>Control outputs _____ 1 = 2 - Open Collector Outputs (standard) 2 = 2 - 10 Amp Form C Relays (optional)</p> <p>Options _____ A = Analog Output (4-20mA) C1 = RS232 Communications C2 = RS422 Communications</p> <p>Accessories Separate non keyboard panel order # 34235 Separate keyboard panel order # 34237</p>				